



Tutorial

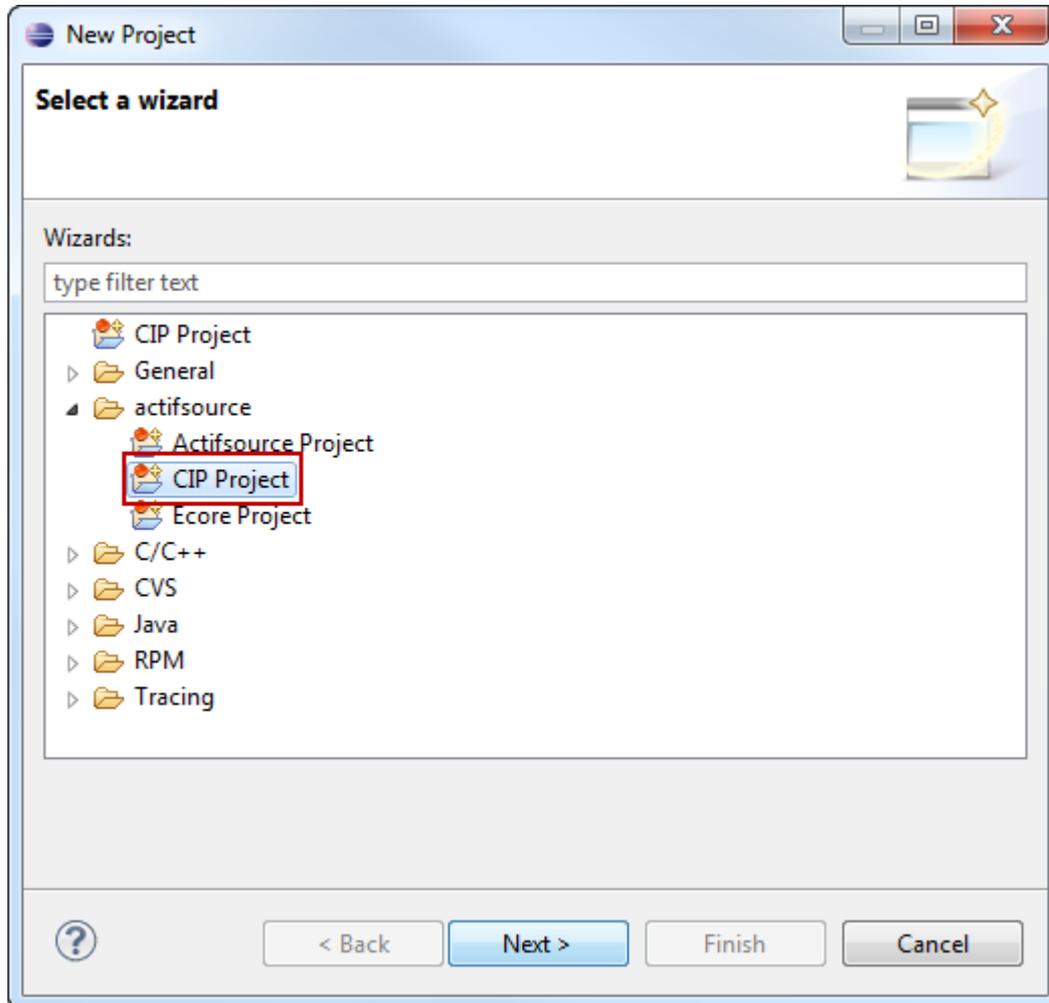
CIP Statemachine - Lamp

Tutorial	Actifsource Tutorial – CIP Statemachine - Lamp
Required Time	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 60 Minutes
Prerequisites	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Actifsource Tutorial – Installing Actifsource • Actifsource Tutorial – Simple Service
Goal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Creating a state machine using the CIP method • Generating real time C code for any embedded system
Topics covered	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Setting up a new CIP Project • Communicating with the Outer World • Specify the State Machine • Generating State Machine Code
Notation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •  To do •  Information • Bold: Terms from actifsource or other technologies and tools • <u>Bold underlined</u>: actifsource Resources • <u>Underlined</u>: User Resources • <i><u>UnderlinedItalics</u></i>: Resource Functions • Monospaced: User input • <i>Italics</i>: Important terms in current situation
Disclaimer	<p>The authors do not accept any liability arising out of the application or use of any information or equipment described herein. The information contained within this document is by its very nature incomplete. Therefore the authors accept no responsibility for the precise accuracy of the documentation contained herein. It should be used rather as a guide and starting point.</p>
Contact	<p>actifsource GmbH Täferenstrasse 37 5405 Baden-Dättwil Switzerland www.actifsource.com</p>
Trademark	<p>actifsource is a registered trademark of actifsource GmbH in Switzerland, the EU, USA, and China. Other names appearing on the site may be trademarks of their respective owners.</p>
Compatibility	<p>Created with actifsource Version 5.8.7</p>

- Learn how to specify a simple state machine
- Example
 - Button to turn on and off a lamp
 - Turning off the lamp shall be delayed
- CIP Method
 - The CIP System is the root element
 - The CIP System consists of Clusters
 - Clusters are used to model distributed state machines
 - The CIP Cluster consists of Processes
 - The process declares the state of the state machine
 - The CIP Process consists of Modes
 - Modes are used for different situations like normal, error, run-in, run-out
 - The mode declares the transitions between the states

Setting up a new CIP Project

- Create a new CIP Project with the CIP Project wizard



- ↩ Prepare a new **Actifsource/CIP Project** using the Actifsource CIP wizard
 - File/new/other
 - Actifsource/CIP Project
- ↩ Click *Next*

New Cip Project

Project
Create a new project resource.

Project name:

Name	Description
<input type="checkbox"/> CIP_CPP_StateMachine	Generates the CIP statemachine for the c++ programming language.
<input type="checkbox"/> CIP_CPP_TestSuite_Console	Generates a regressive test suite console application for the c++ programming language.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CIP_C_StateMachine	Generates the CIP statemachine for the c programming language.
<input type="checkbox"/> CIP_C_StateMachine_Templates	Generates the CIP templates (connector, cip shell) for the c programming language.
<input type="checkbox"/> CIP_C_TestSuite_Console	Generates a regressive test suite console application for the c programming language.
<input type="checkbox"/> CIP_HTML_PulseCastTree	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CIP_HTML_StateMachine_Documentation	Generates a CIP statemachine documentation in html.
<input type="checkbox"/> CIP_HTML_TestSuite_Documentation	Generates a CIP test suite documentation in html.

Project type:

Use default location

Location:

Choose file system:

Working sets

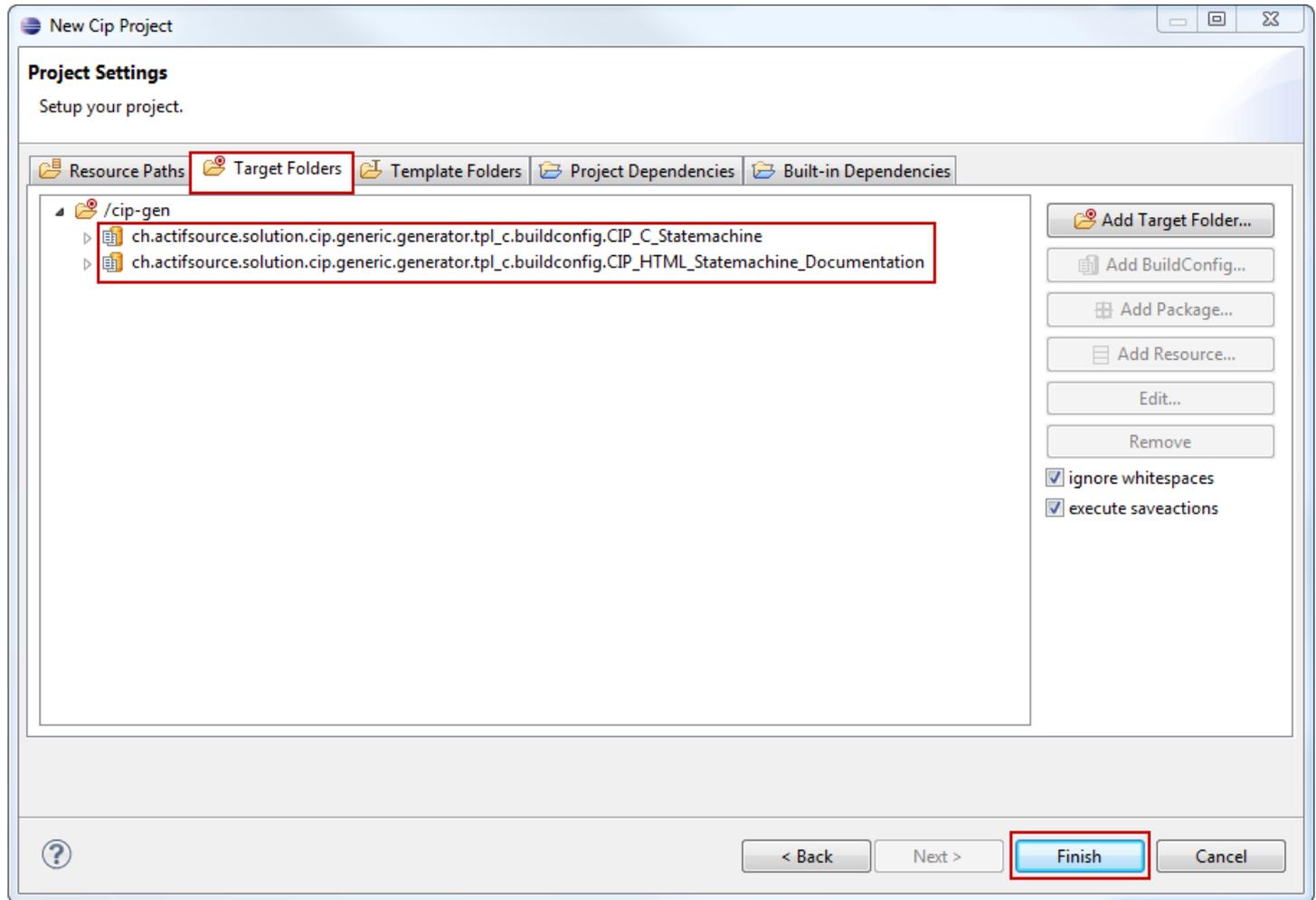
Add project to working sets

Working sets:

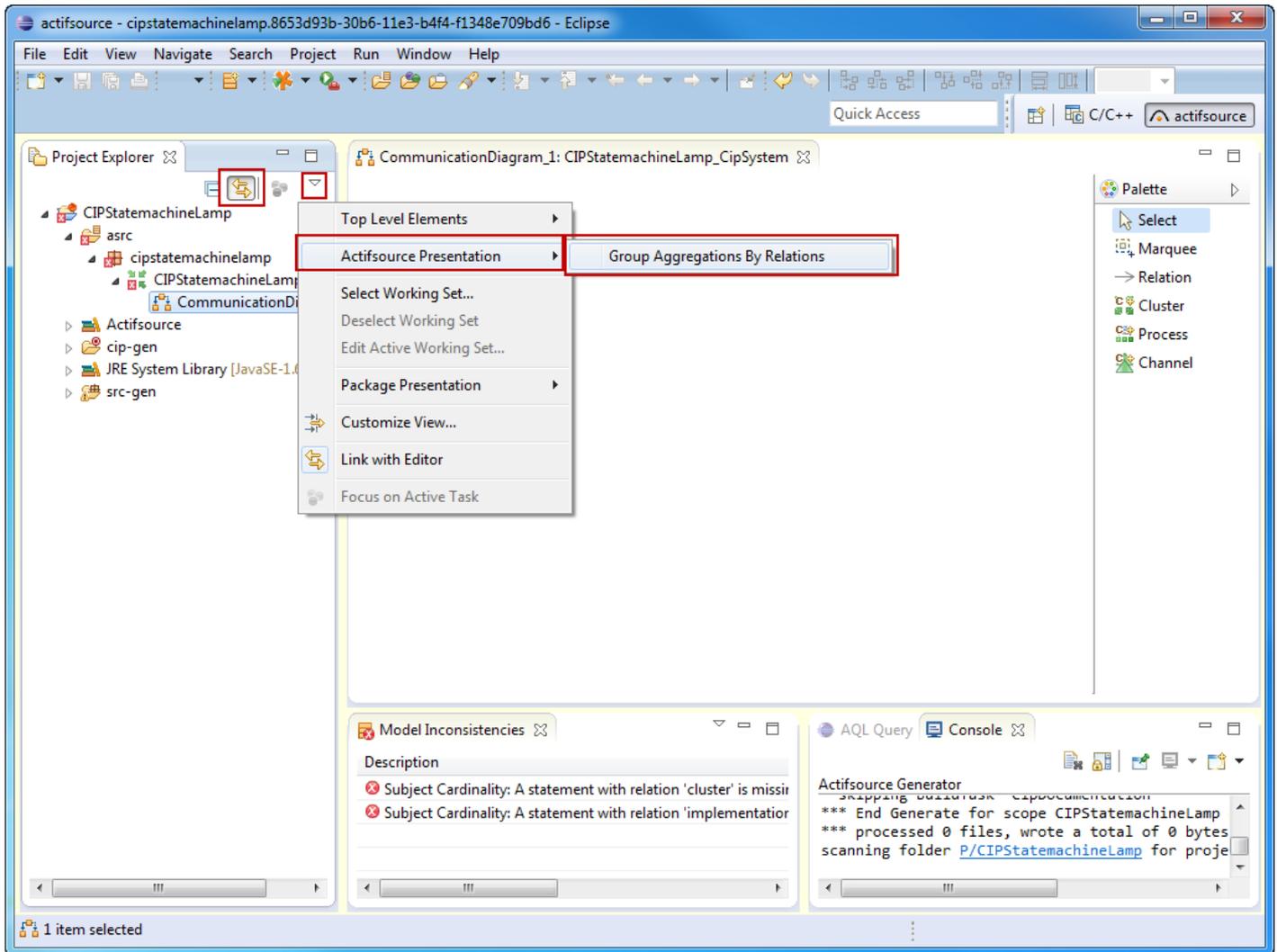
↖ Specify *Project name*

↖ Specify *Project type*

↖ Click *Next*

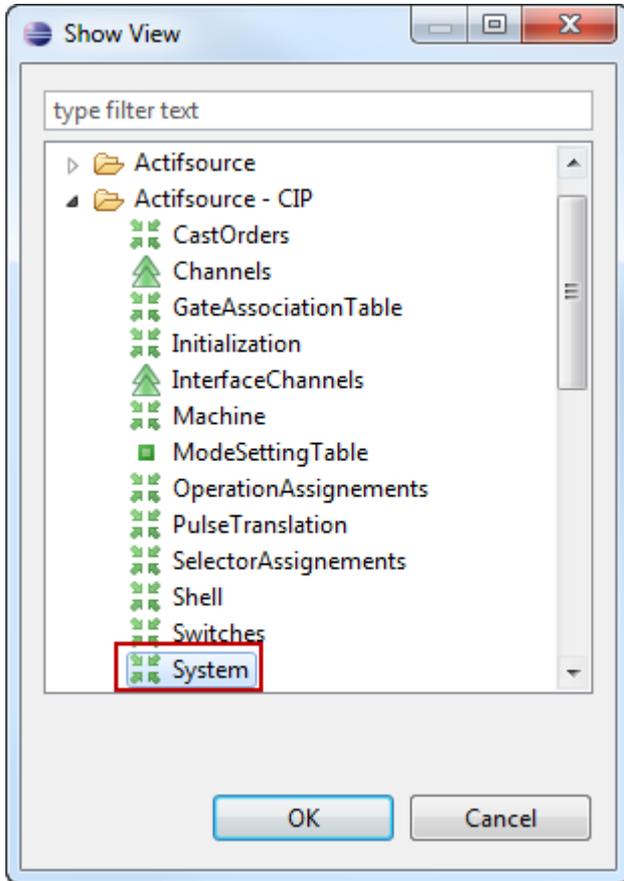


- ① Note that the BuildConfigs in TargetFolder are equivalent to the previously selected project type
- ① You may add other build configs (i.e. test suites) as needed
- ↩ Click *Finish*

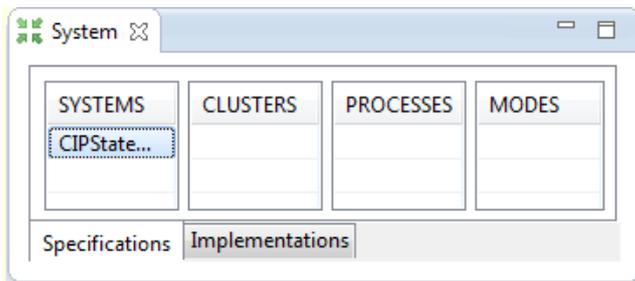


↖ *Link with Editor*

↖ *Enable Actifsource Presentation Flag Group Aggregations By Relations*

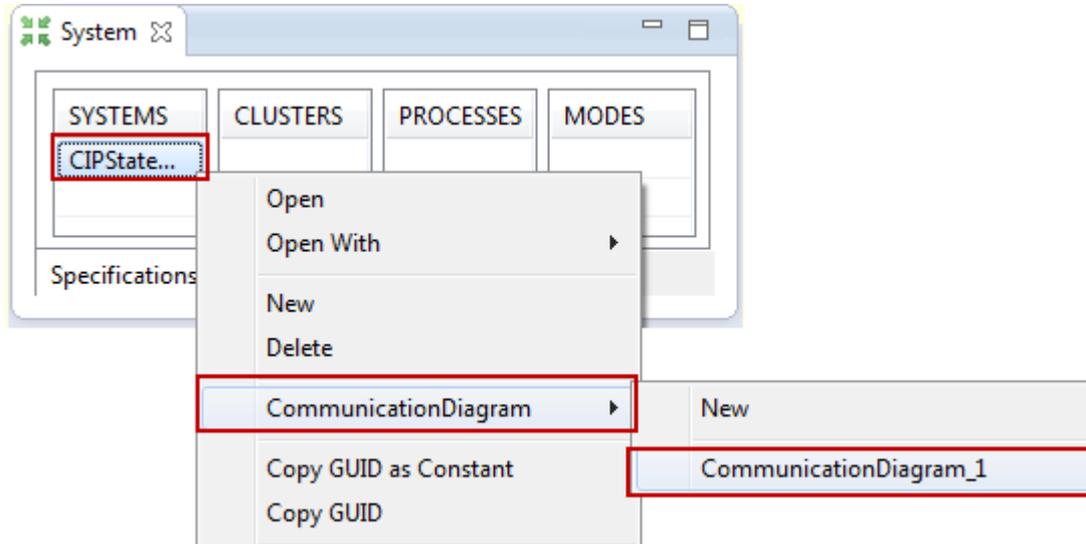


- Open *CIP System View*
 - Window/Show View/Other...
 - Actifsource – CIP / System

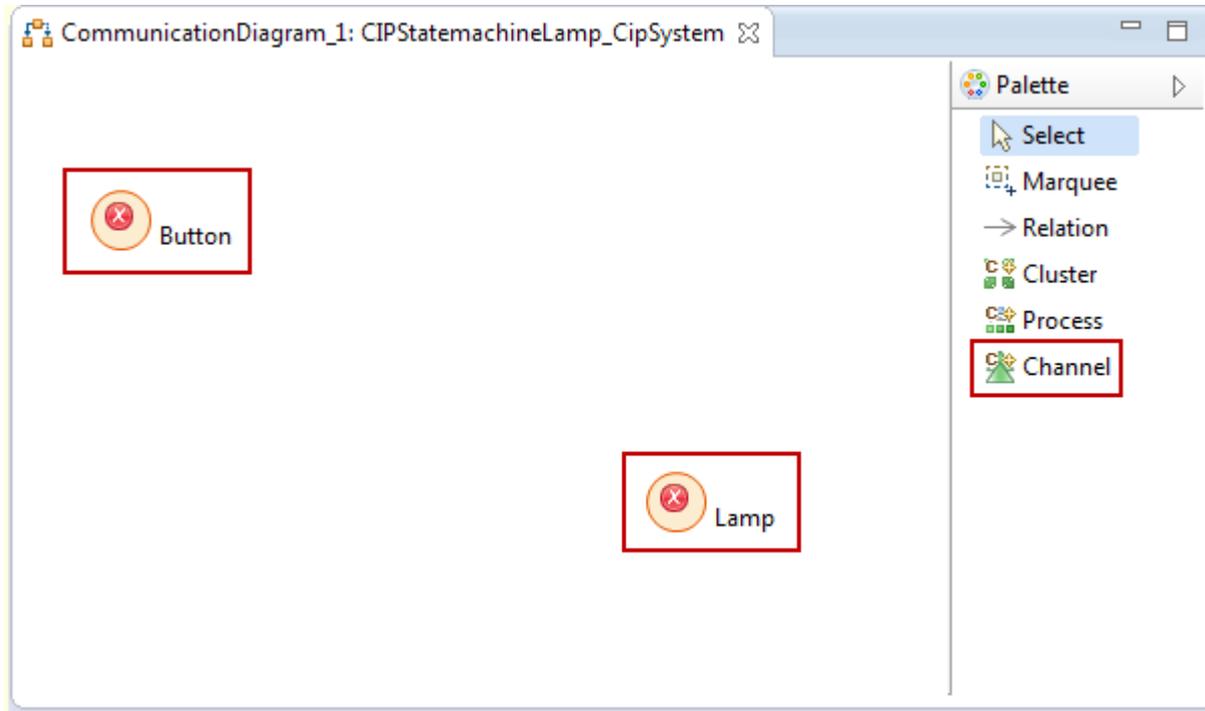


Communicating with the Outer World

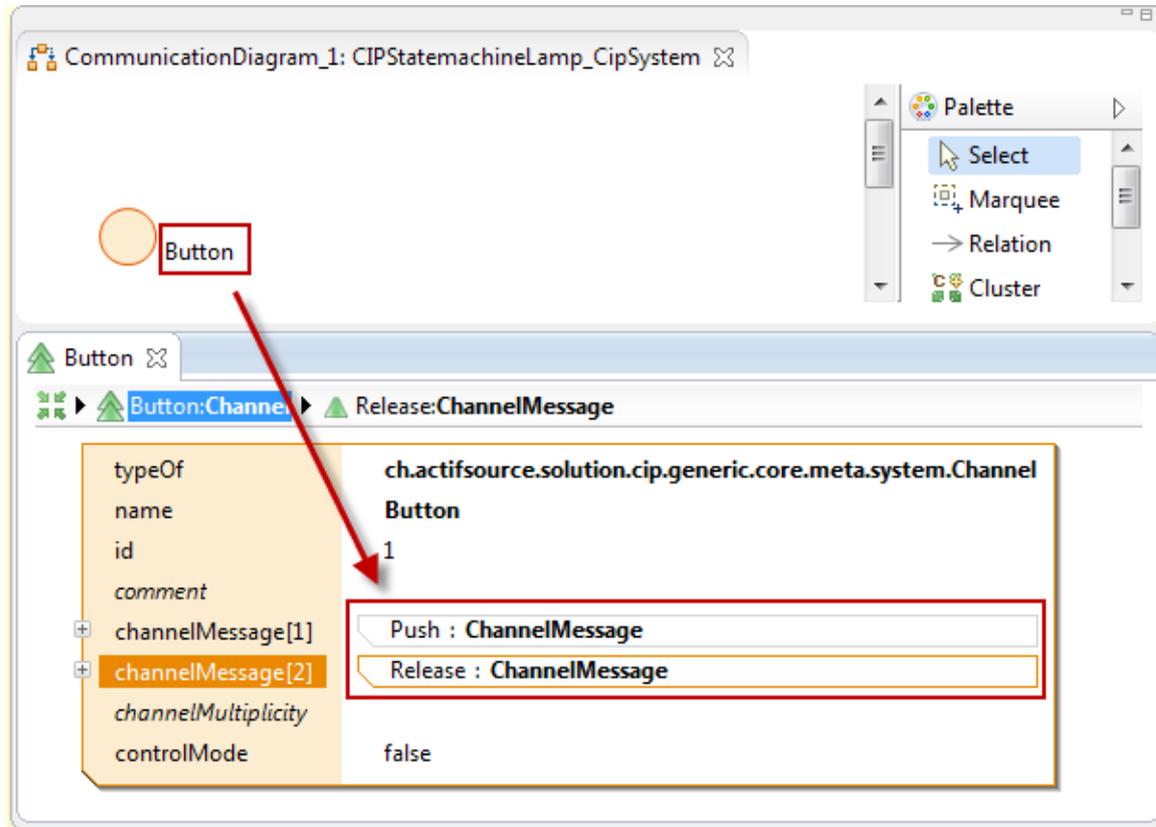
- Let's communicate with the outer world
- Channels are providing messages from physical device



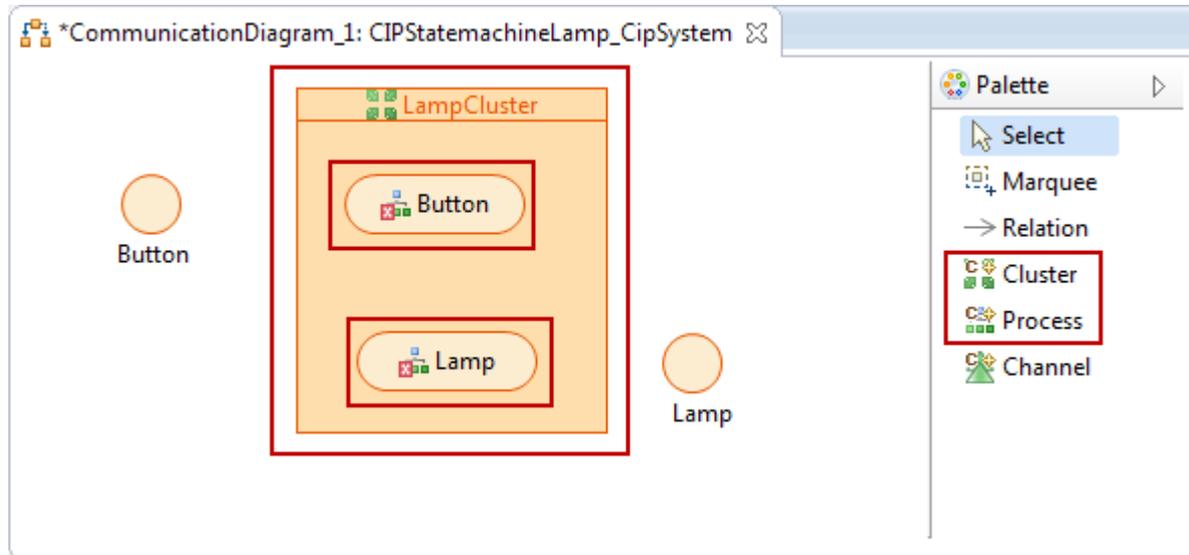
- ↳ Open the Communication Diagram (if not already open)
 - Right Click on System1 in the *System View*
 - Select *CommunicationDiagram* from the context menu
 - Open CommunicationDiagram_1



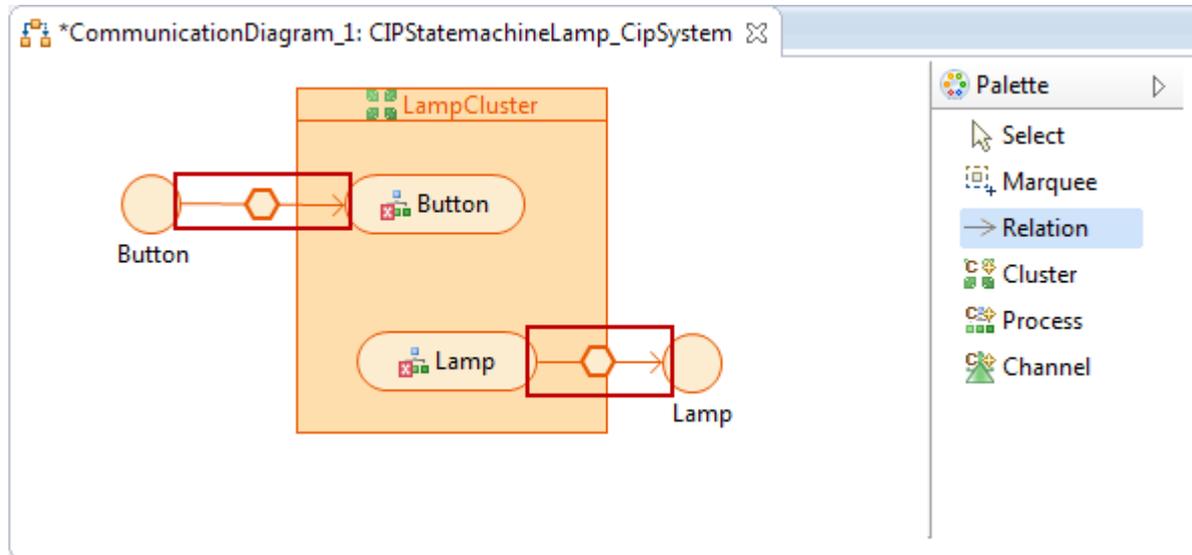
↶ Create two new **Channels** named Button and Lamp using the *Channel* tool from the *Palette*



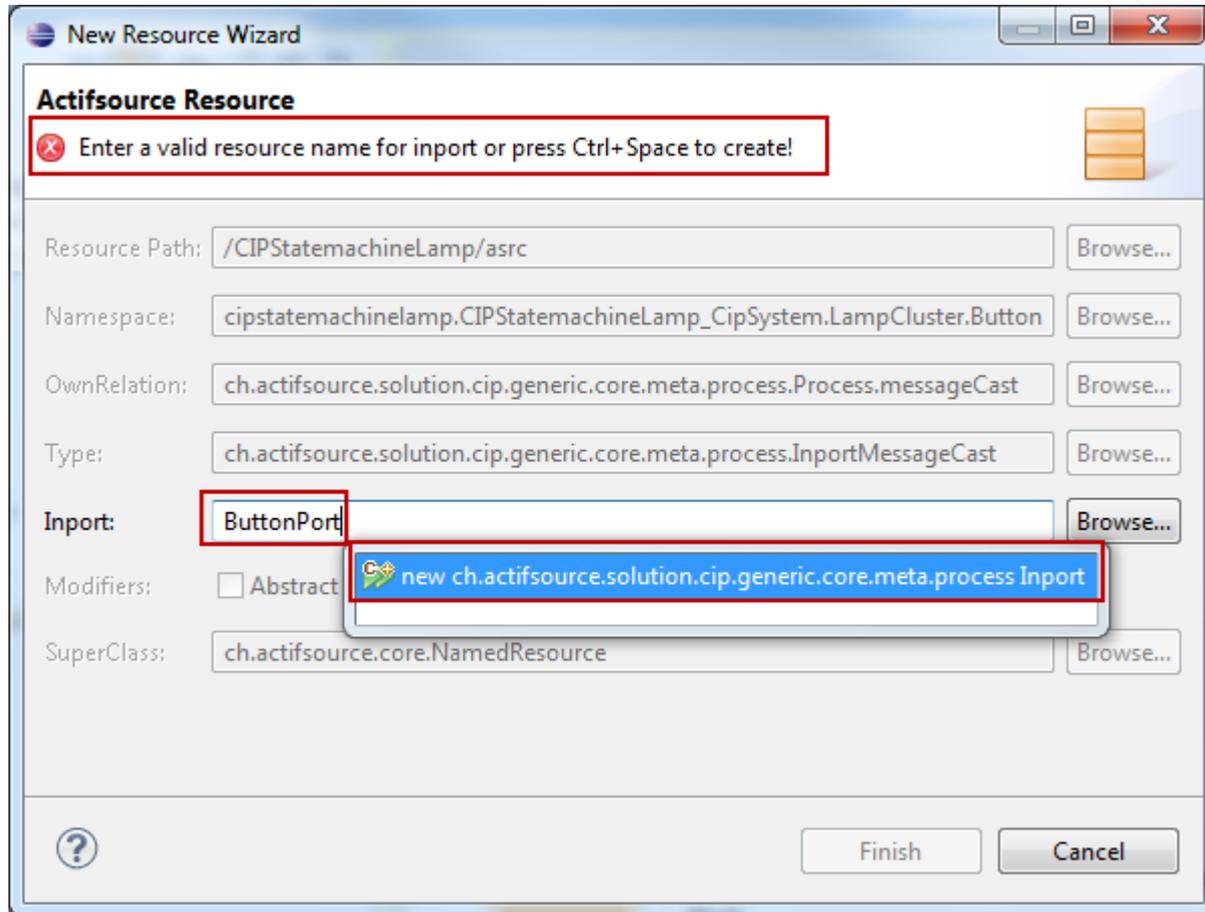
- ① Arrange the Graphical Editor and the Resource Editor together on the same screen as shown above
- ↶ Add the two **ChannelMessages** Push and Release to the **Channel** Button
 - Ctrl+Click on the Button label
 - Add **ChannelMessage** Push and **ChannelMessage** Release
- ↶ Add the two **ChannelMessages** Bright and Dark to the **Channel** Lamp
 - Ctrl+Click on the Lamp label
 - Add **ChannelMessage** Bright and **ChannelMessage** Dark
- ① Messages are given as function calls from the other world to the state machine and vice versa



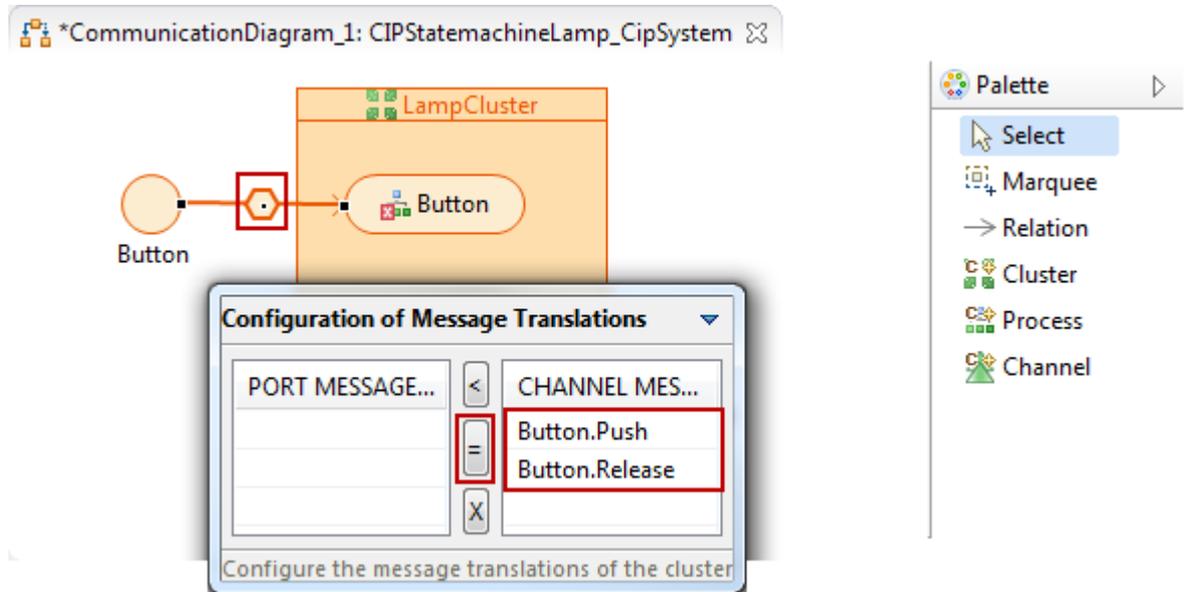
- ① The CIP Method specifies that every physical process needs a logical counterpart in the model
- ① Note that different Clusters may run on different processors. This allows you to design distributed state machines using the CIP Method.
- ↪ Add the two **Processes** Button and Lamp to the **Cluster** LampCluster



- ① Channels are Delivering Messages to a Process via Port. Doing so allows you to consider the Process to a self-consistent component.
- ↶ Create an input relation from the **Channel** Button to the **Process** Button via the **Port** ButtonPort
- ↷ Create an output relation from the **Process** Lamp to the **Channel** Lamp via the **Port** LampPort



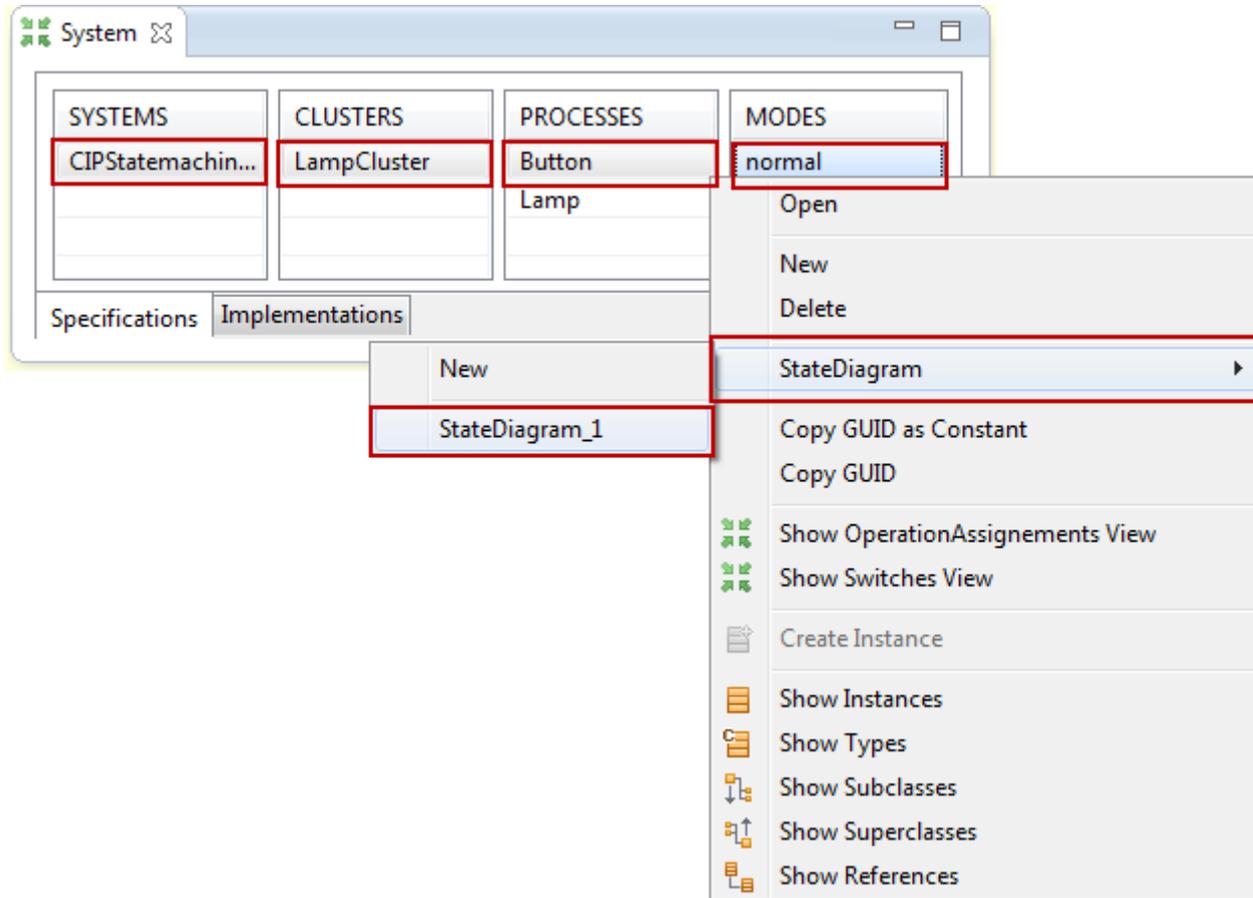
- ① If you create a relation from a channel to a process you have to specify a port
- ↩ Enter the desired **Port** name ButtonPort and press Ctrl-Space
 - Select an existing **Port**
 - or
 - Create a new **Port** (as we do in our example)



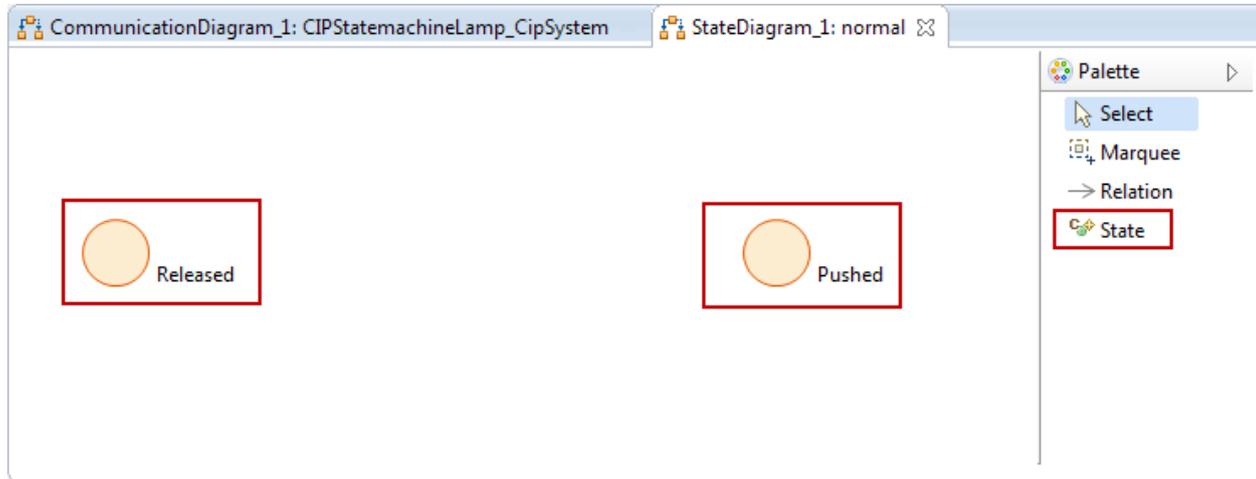
- ① Since every **Process** is a self-consistent component we have to specify a **Message** interface on the port to. The = tool in the *Message Translation* helps us to create the same messages as found on the **Channel** also on the corresponding **Port**.
- ↪ Configure the *Message Translation* between the **Channel** Button and the **Process** Button
 - Double-Click on the hexagon of the relation between the **Channel** Button and the **Process** Button
 - Select the **ChannelMessages** Button.Push and Button.Release
 - Use the =-Tool to create the corresponding **Messages** on the **Port** ButtonPort of the **Process** Button
- ↪ Configure the *Message Translation* between the **Process** Lamp and the **Channel** Lamp
 - Double-Click on the hexagon of the relation between the the **Process** Lamp and the **Channel** Lamp
 - Select the **ChannelMessages** Lamp.Bright and Lamp.Dark
 - Use the =-Tool to create the corresponding **Messages** on the **Port** LampPort of the **Process** Lamp

Specify the State Machine

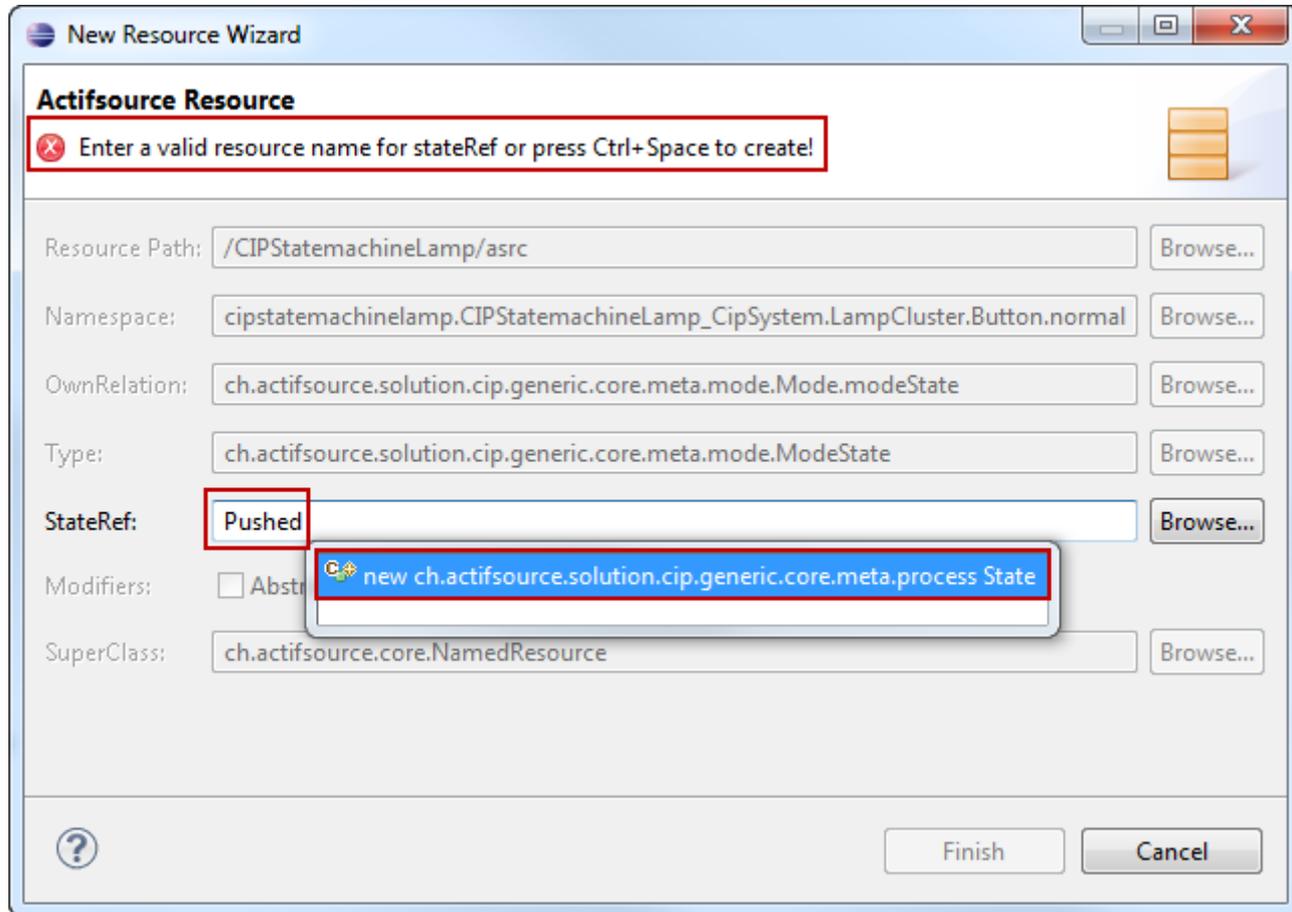
- We are now set to specify the state machines for each process
- Note that the CIP Method knows so called **Modes**
 - A Process can have one or more Modes
 - States are declared by the Process
 - Transitions are declared by the Mode
- Making this difference it becomes possible to provide several Modes for several situations
 - Normal Mode
 - Error Mode
 - Run-In Mode
 - Run-Out Mode
- There are the following rules
 - **States** are defined in the **Process**
 - **States** are shared for every **Mode**
 - **Transitions** are defined in the **Mode**



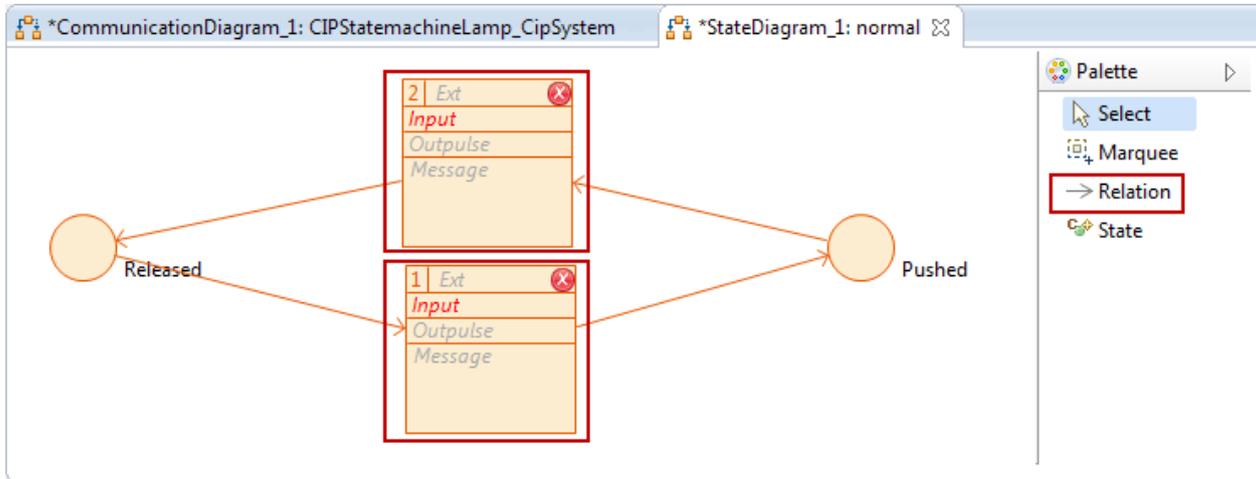
- ↵ Open the *StateDiagram* for **Process** Button
 - On the *System View* Right-Click on System1.Lamp.Button.normal
 - Select *StateDiagram*
 - Select StateDiagram_1



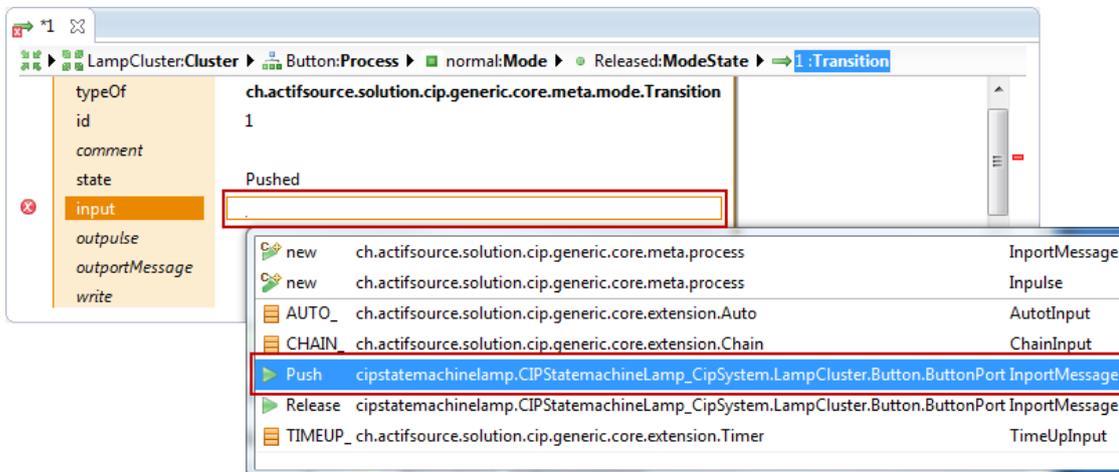
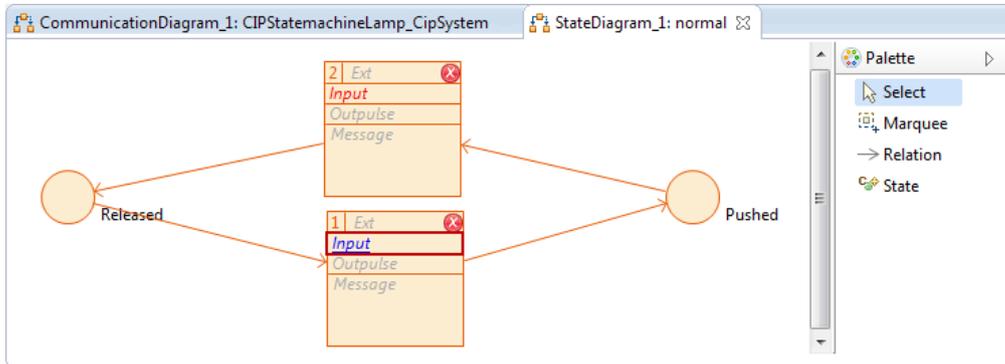
↪ Enter two new **States** Released and Pushed using the *Palette*



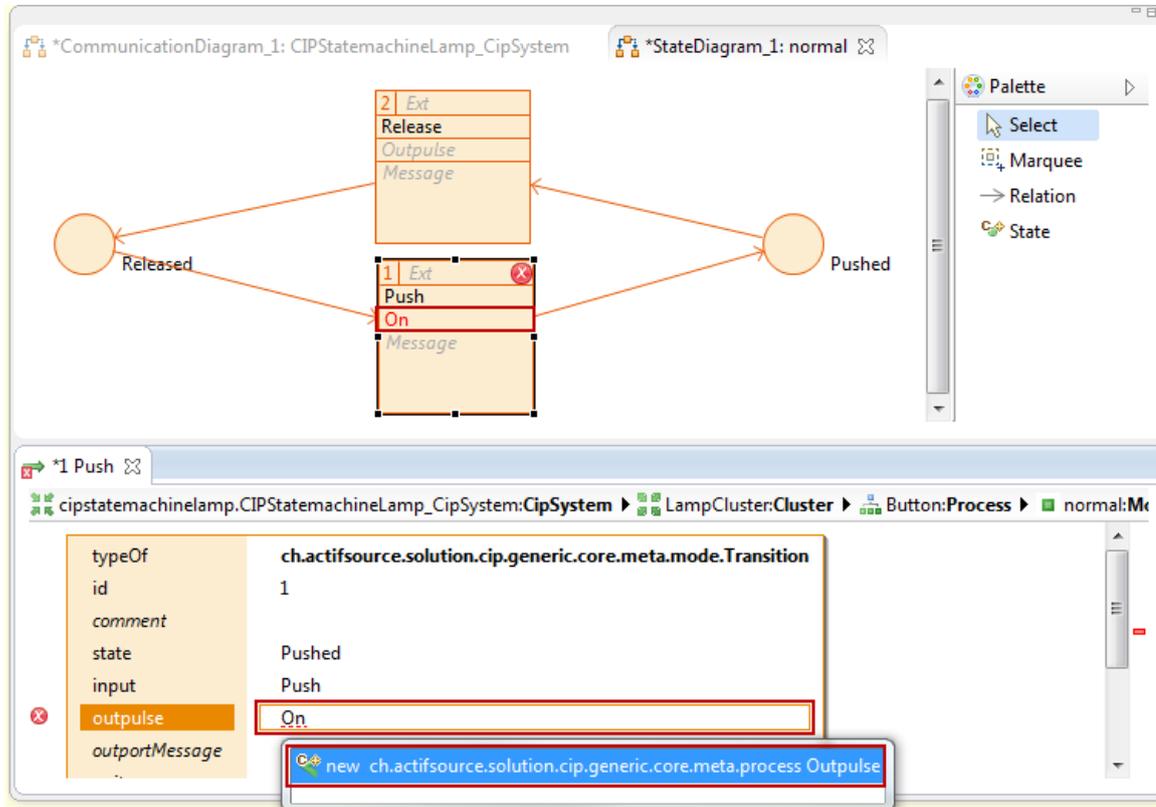
- ① State are shared for every mode
- ↩ Enter the desired **State** name Released and press Ctrl-Space
 - Select an existing **State**
 - or
 - Create a new **State** (as we do in our example)



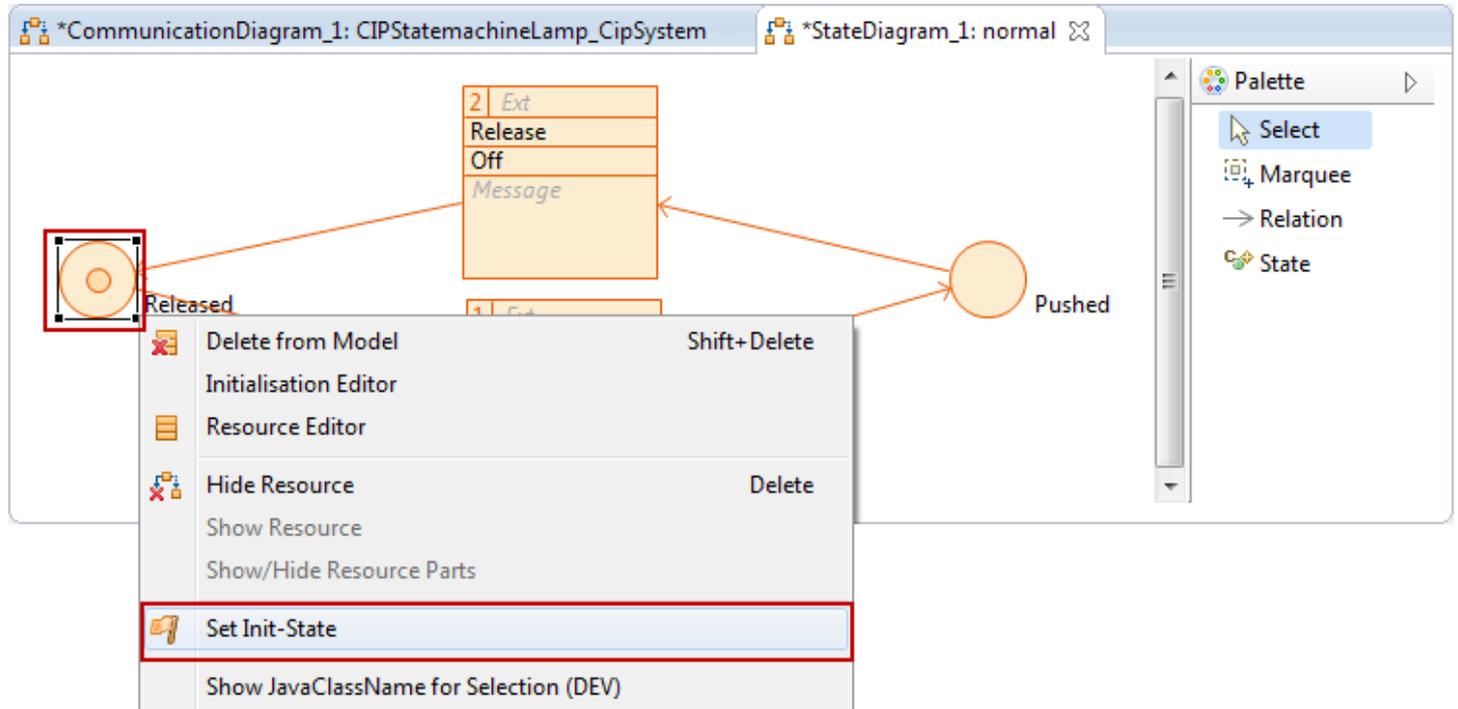
- ↶ Create a new **Transition** from **State Released** to **State Pushed** using the *Relation* Tool from the *Palette*
- ↶ Create a new **Transition** from **State Pushed** to **State Released** using the *Relation* Tool from the *Palette*



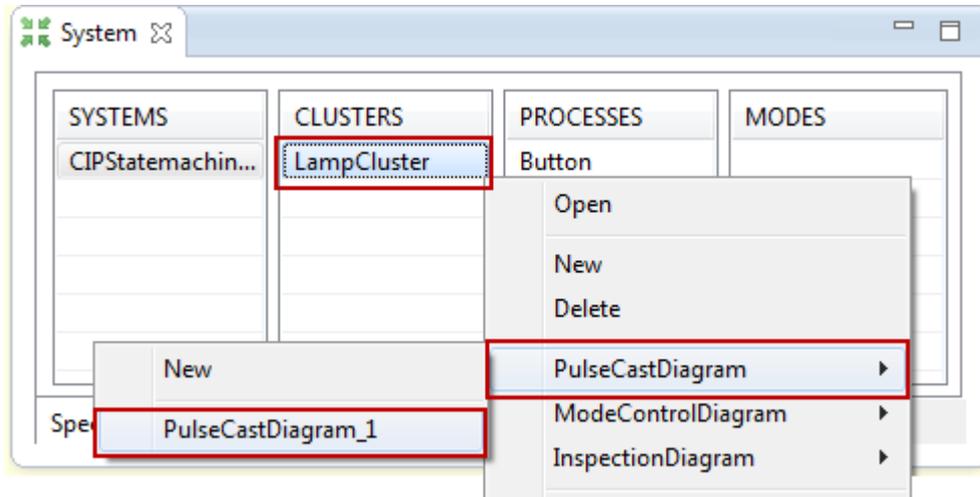
- ① Every Transition needs an input to be triggered
- ① Note that the Actifsource Validator marks all resources that are incomplete
- ↪ Add the input message to **Transition** from **State Released** to **State Pushed**
 - Ctrl-Click on the italics label *Input*
 - Select the **InportMessage Push**
- ↪ Add the input message to **Transition** from **State Pushed** to **State Released**
 - Ctrl-Click on the italics label *Input*
 - Select the **InportMessage Release**
- ① Note that you now selecting the **Messages** that we have previously created on the **Port Button** using the =-Tool in the *Message Translation*



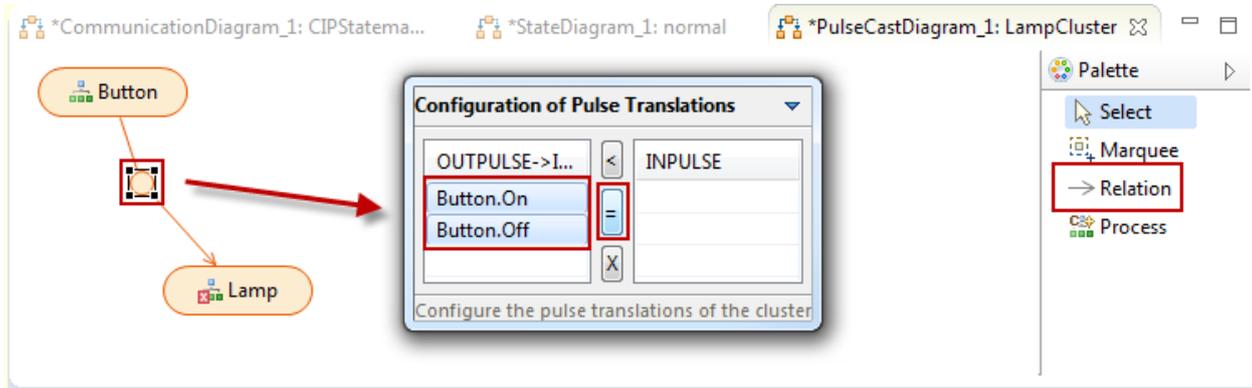
- ① Use **Messages** to communicate with **Processes** from the outer world
- ① Use **Pulses** to communicate between **Processes** within the same **Cluster**
- ↶ Add the **Outputpulse** On to **Transition** from **State** Released to **State** Pushed
 - Ctrl-Click on the italics label *Outputpulse*
 - Enter the desired **Outputpulse** named On and press Ctrl-Space
 - Select an existing **Outputpulse**
 - or
 - Create a new **Outputpulse** (as we do in our example)
- ↶ Add the **Outputpulse** Off to **Transition** from **State** Pushed to **State** Released



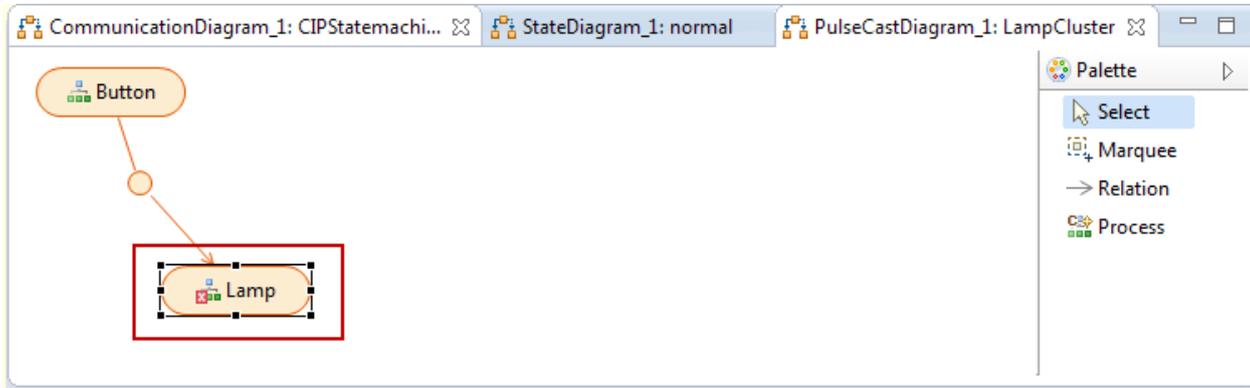
- ↵ Set the *Init-State* to specify the **State** to start with
 - Right-Click on **State Released**
 - Shape Actions/Set Init-State



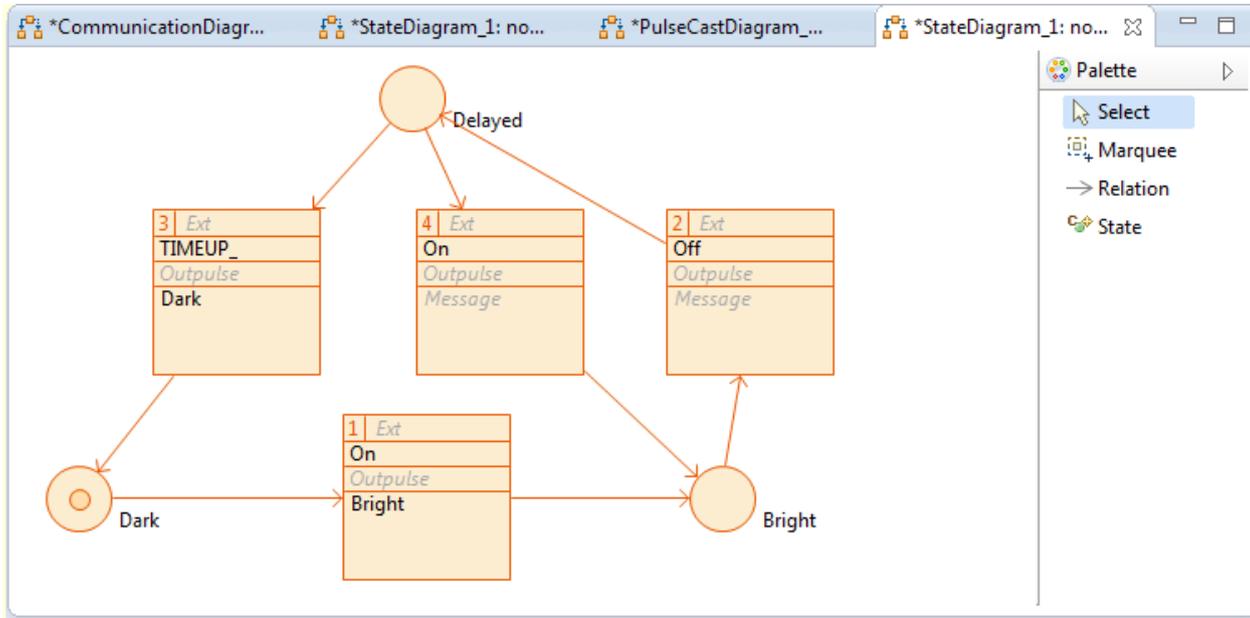
- ① Use **Pulses** to communicate between **Processes** within the same **Cluster**
- ① The *PulseCastDiagram* specifies which **Processes** sends **Pulses** to which other **Processes**
- ↪ Open the *PulseCastDiagram* for **Cluster** Lamp
 - On the *System View* Right-Click on System1.LampCluster
 - Select *PulseCastDiagram*
 - Select *PulseCastDiagram_1* (or create a new one if necessary)



- ↵ Add the **Process Button** and the **Process Lamp** to your *PulseCastDiagram*
 - Right-Click on the Diagram
 - Show Resource
 - Select Button and Lamp
- ↵ Connect the **Process Button** and the **Process Lamp** using the *Relation* Tool from the *Palette*
- ↵ Configure the *Pulse Translation* between the **Process Button** and the **Process Lamp**
 - Double-Click on the circle of the relation between the the **Process Button** and the **Process Lamp**
 - Select the **Outpulses Button.On** and **Button.Off**
 - Use the =-Tool to create the corresponding **Impulses** on the **Process Lamp**



↵ Double-Click on **Process Lamp** to open the *StateDiagram*



- ↩ Open the *StateDiagram* for **Process Lamp** (if not already done)
 - On the *System View* Right-Click on `System1.Lamp.Button.normal`
 - Select *StateDiagram*
 - Select `StateDiagram_1`
- ↩ Create **States** `Dark`, `Bright` and `Delayed`
- ↩ Make **State** `Dark` the *Init-State*
- ↩ Create Transition as shown above
 - Select **Pulses** which have been created in the *Pulse Translation*
 - `_TIMEUP_` is a special pulses emitted if timer expires
 - Select Lamp **Messages** to the outer world

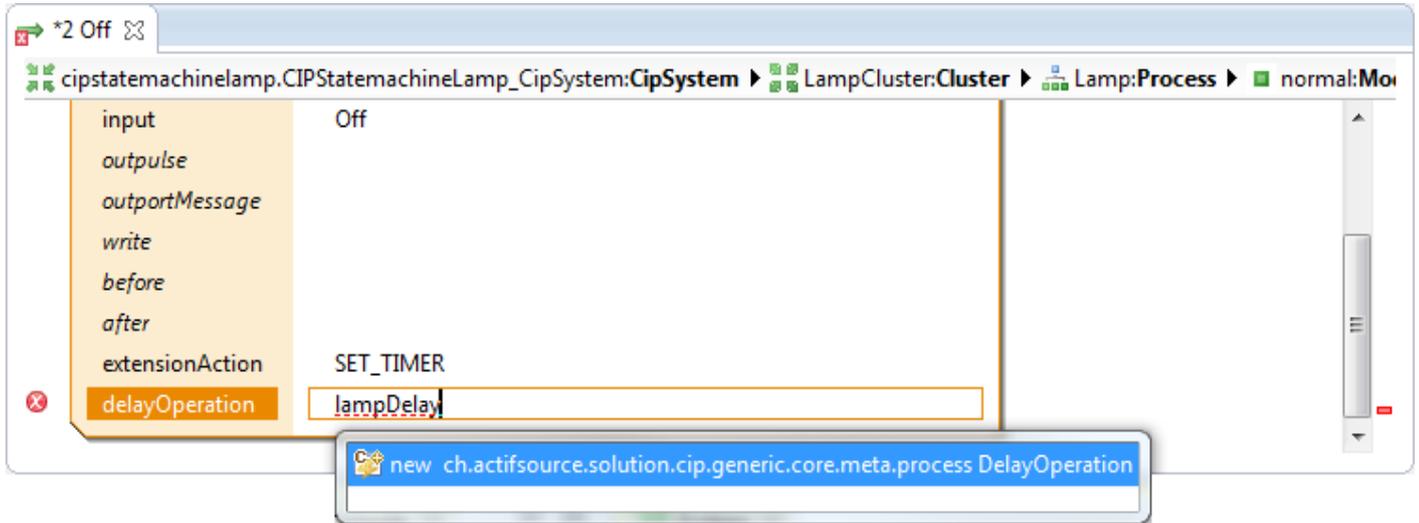
The screenshot shows a state machine editor interface. At the top, there are several tabs: '*CommunicationDiagra...', '*StateDiagram_1: normal', '*PulseCastDiagram_1: L...', and '*StateDiagram_1: normal'. The main workspace displays a state machine diagram with a central state labeled 'Delayed'. Three transitions originate from this state: transition #3 labeled 'Ext' leading to a state with 'TIMEUP_', 'Outputpulse', and 'Dark'; transition #4 labeled 'S' leading to a state with 'On', 'Outputpulse', and 'Message'; and transition #2 labeled 'T' leading to a state with 'Off', 'Outputpulse', and 'Message'. A red arrow points from the 'T' label in transition #2 to the 'extensionAction' field in the configuration panel below. The configuration panel shows the following details:

- state: Delayed
- input: Off
- outputpulse
- outputMessage
- write
- before
- after
- extensionAction: SET_TIMER
- delayOperation

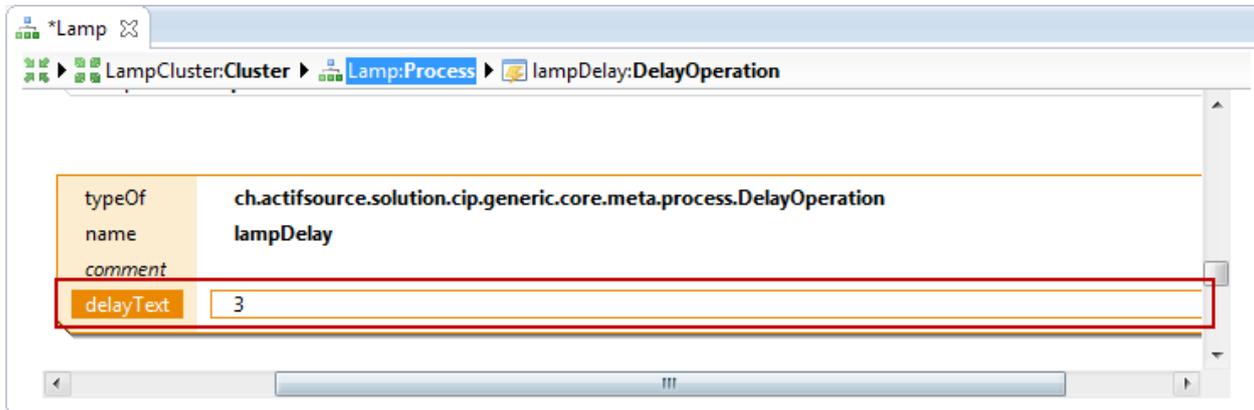
A dropdown menu is open below the 'extensionAction' field, showing the following options:

- SET_CHAIN ch.actifsource.solution.cip.generic.core.extension.Chain SetChain
- SET_TIMER ch.actifsource.solution.cip.generic.core.extension.Timer SetTimer
- STOP_TIMER ch.actifsource.solution.cip.generic.core.extension.Timer StopTimer

- ↪ Start Timer in Transition #2
 - Ctrl-Click in label *Ext*
 - Select SET_TIMER
 - Specify DelayOperation (see next page)
- ↪ Stop Timer in Transition #4
 - Ctrl-Click in label *Ext*
 - Select STOP_TIMER

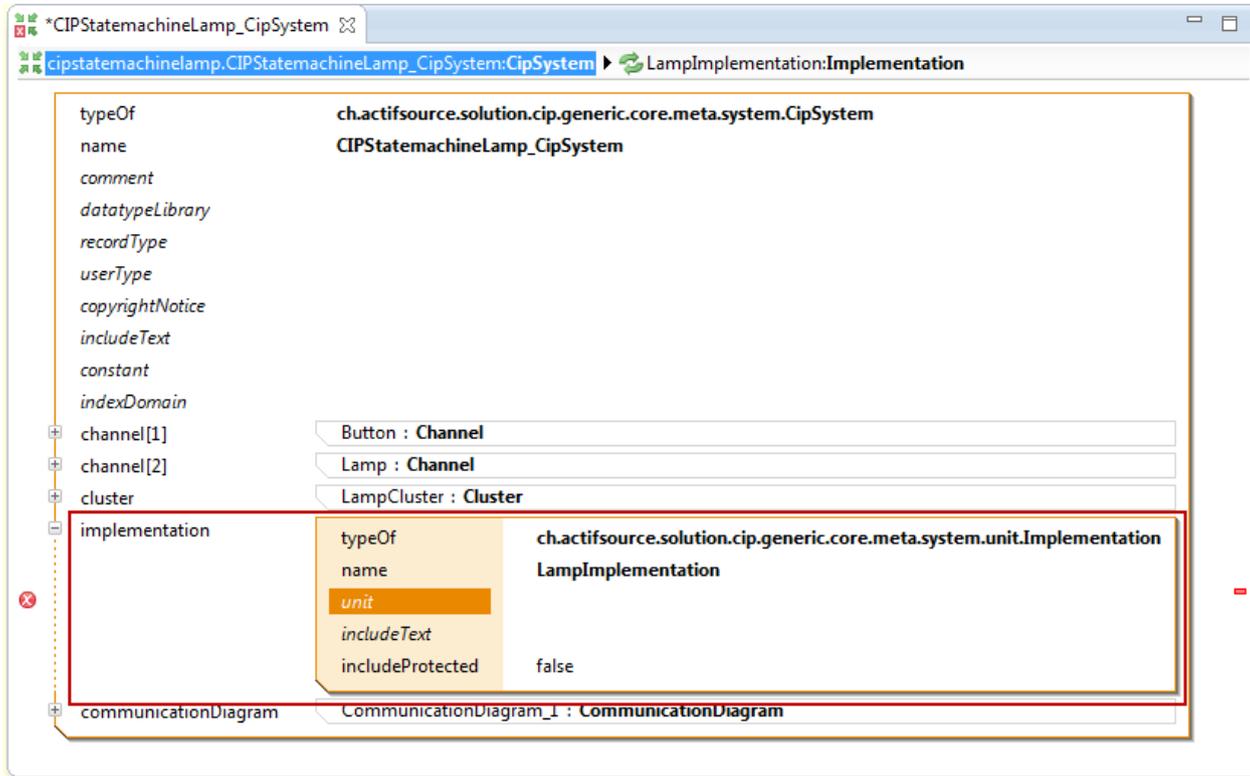


- ↳ Create a DelayOperation called lampDelay
- ↳ The DelayOperation shall return the delay in system ticks



Generating State Machine Code

- We have to define the details for the state machine implementation to generate the code



- ↳ Create a new *Implementation* for **System** System1
 - On the *System View* Right-Click on System1
 - Create a new Implementation

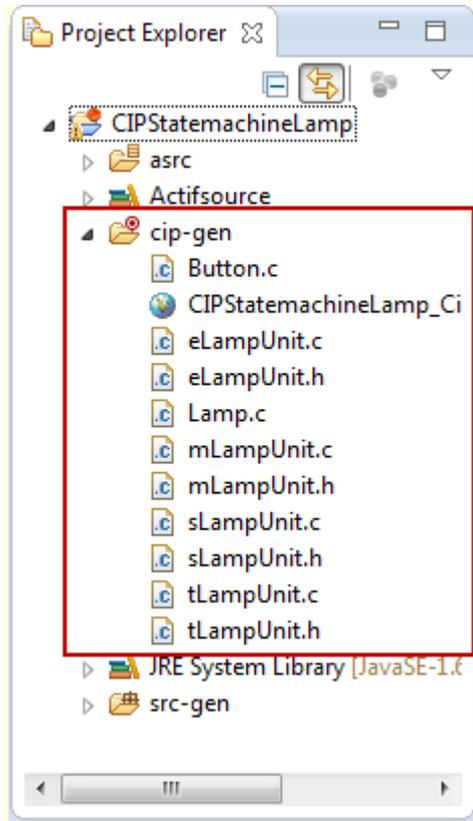
The screenshot shows an IDE window titled '*LampUnit'. The breadcrumb path is: `cipstatemachinelamp.CIPStatemachineLamp_CipSystem:CipSystem` > `LampImplementation:Implementation` > `LampUnit:Implem`.

The left pane shows a tree view of the `LampUnit` object. The `typeOf` property is expanded to show `name`. Below it are `cipMachine` and `cipShell`. Further down are `codeOptions`, `implementationAttribute`, `codeDirectory`, `includeText`, and `initChain`.

The right pane shows the implementation details for `LampUnit` (class `ch.actifsource.solution.cip.generic.core.meta.system.unit.ImplementationUnit`):

- `typeOf`: `ch.actifsource.solution.cip.generic.core.meta.system.CipMachine`
- `cluster`: `cipstatemachinelamp.CIPStatemachineLamp_CipSystem.LampCluster`
- `localBufferSize`: `1`
- `optionalChannels`: (empty)
- `typeOf`: `ch.actifsource.solution.cip.generic.core.meta.system.CipShell`
- `inputChannels`: `cipstatemachinelamp.CIPStatemachineLamp_CipSystem.Button`
- `outputChannels`: `cipstatemachinelamp.CIPStatemachineLamp_CipSystem.Lamp`
- `Default_C_CodeOptions`: (empty)

↩ Create a new *Implementation* as shown above



- ① Find the generated code in the folder *cip-gen*
- ① Find the documentation (html) code in the folder *cip-gen*

